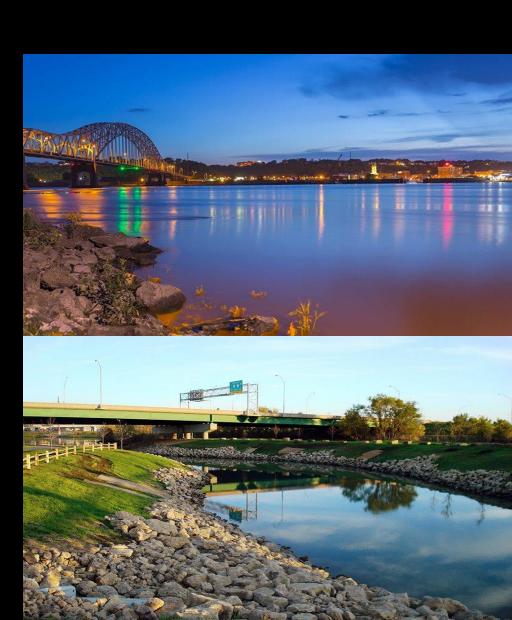


Dubuque Stormwater Climate Action Plan

Dubuque Stormwater Climate Action Plan

May 2nd, 2024



Team



Anthony Lamoreux

(Project Manager)

Focus Area: Civil

Practice

Oversees: Delineation and Outflow of Basins



Maren Williams

Focus Area: Tailored

Oversees:

Hydrology Design

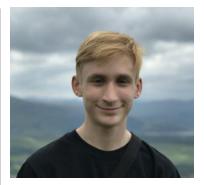


Matthew Kliegl

Focus Area: Structures

Oversees:

Climate Change Impacts



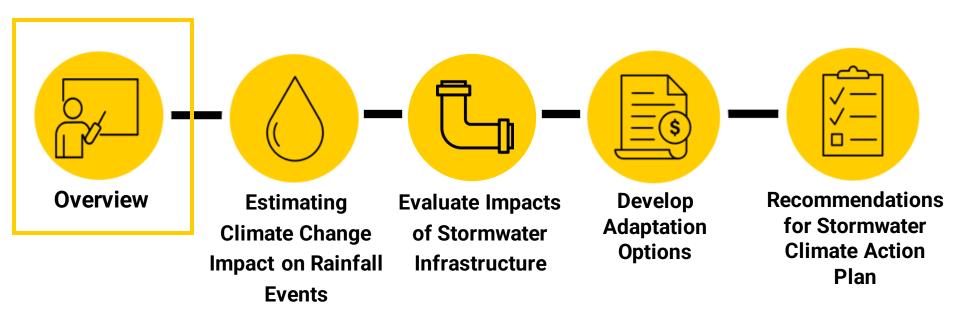
Tate Houser

Focus Area: Pre-Architecture

Oversees: Structural



Agenda





Our Client

John Wiley

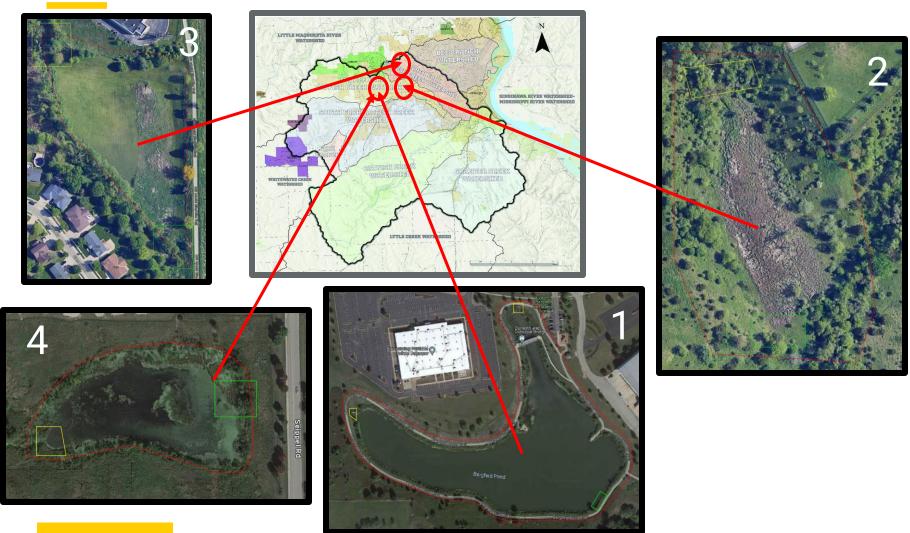
- Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator
- Water & Resource Recovery Center City of Dubuque





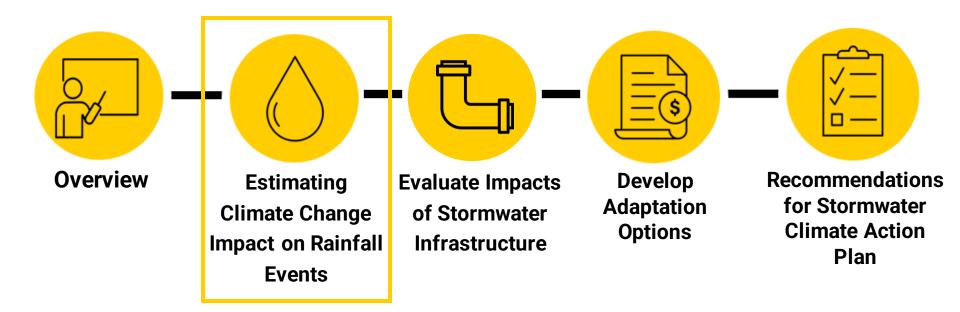


Test Basin Locations



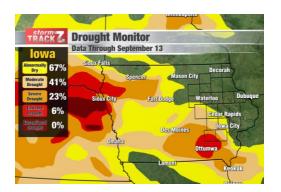


Agenda





Stormwater Climate Action Plan Research



Lower Rainfall Frequency

Droughts are becoming more prevalent.

Rainfall events are happening less often.



Higher Rainfall Intensity

When it does rain, the storm has a higher intensity.

Storms are shorter.



Less Total Annual Rainfall

Because it rains less and storms aren't as long, there is less annual rainfall.



What is a Design Storm?

HYPOTHETICAL RAINSTORM EVENT

HEC-RAS





HEC-HMS

Design Recommendation

Iowa SUDAS Design Storm

24-hour 100-year storm

7.62 inches



0.32 inches/hour average

Climate Change Adjusted Design Storm (CCADS)

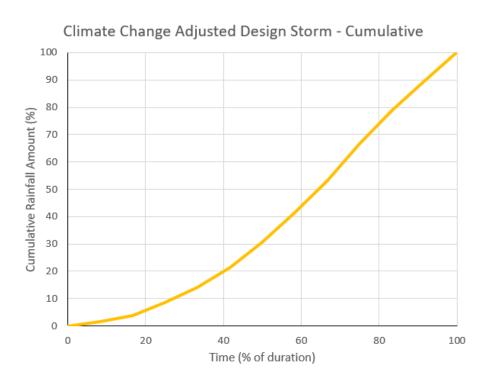
6-hour 100-year storm

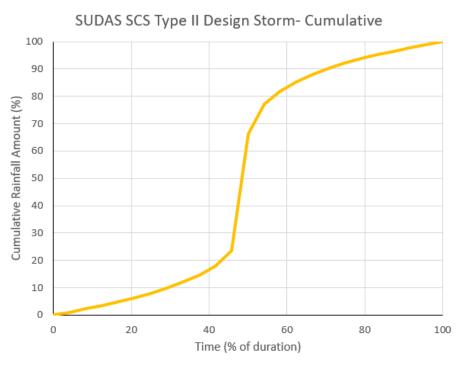
5.98 inches

1.00 inches/hour average

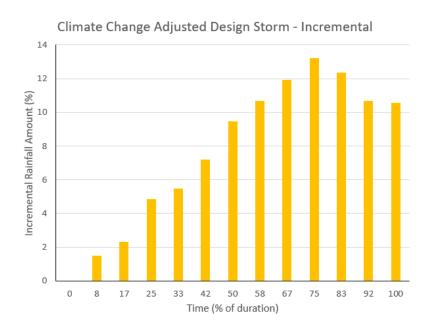


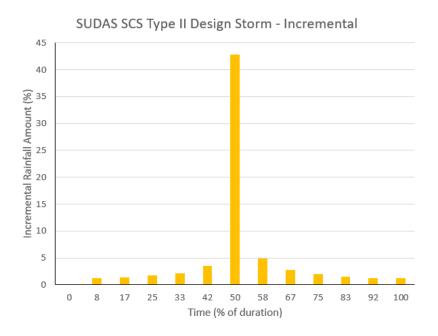
Comparison - Cumulative



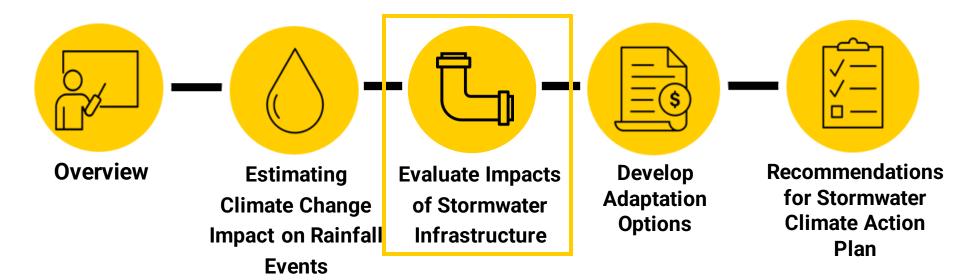


Comparison - Incremental





Agenda





Project Scope



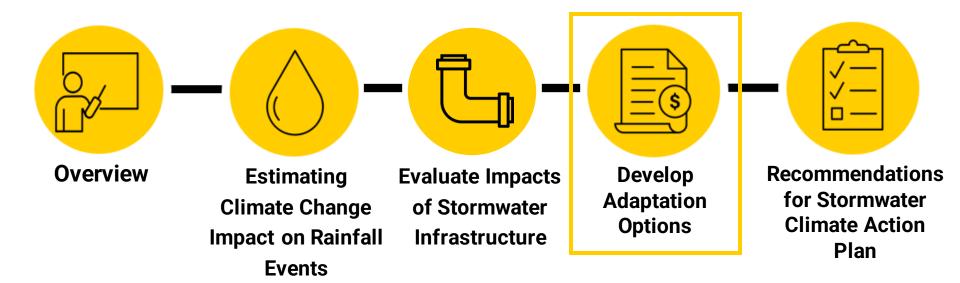






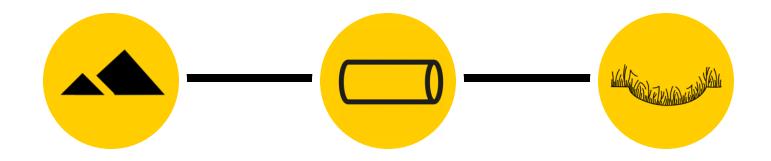
 $\textbf{Gather} \ \rightarrow \textbf{Estimate} \ \rightarrow \textbf{Calculate} \ \rightarrow \textbf{Evaluate} \ \rightarrow \textbf{Recommend}$

Agenda





Develop Adaptation Options



Option 1: Dam Modification

Option 2: Outlet Structure Redesign

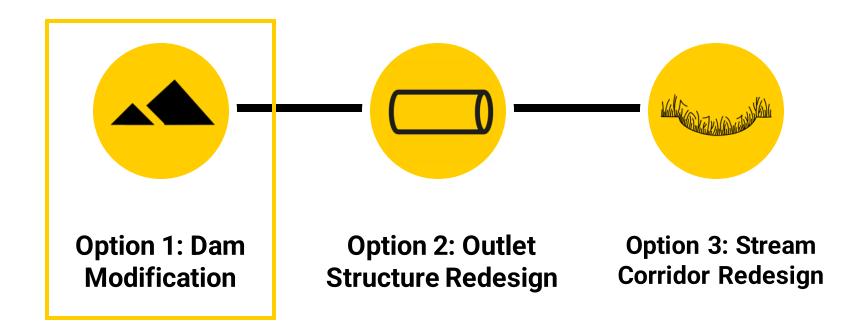
Option 3: Stream Corridor Redesign



Alternative Locations

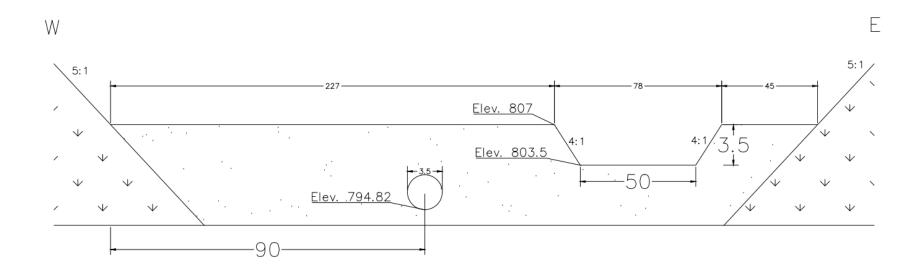


Develop Adaptation Options

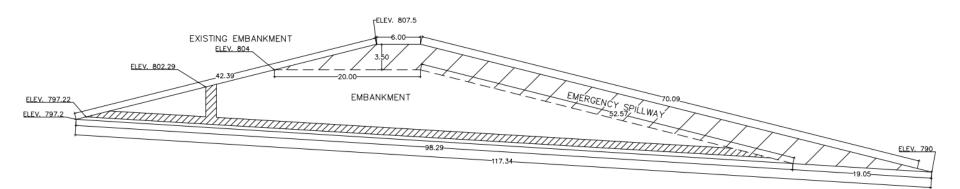




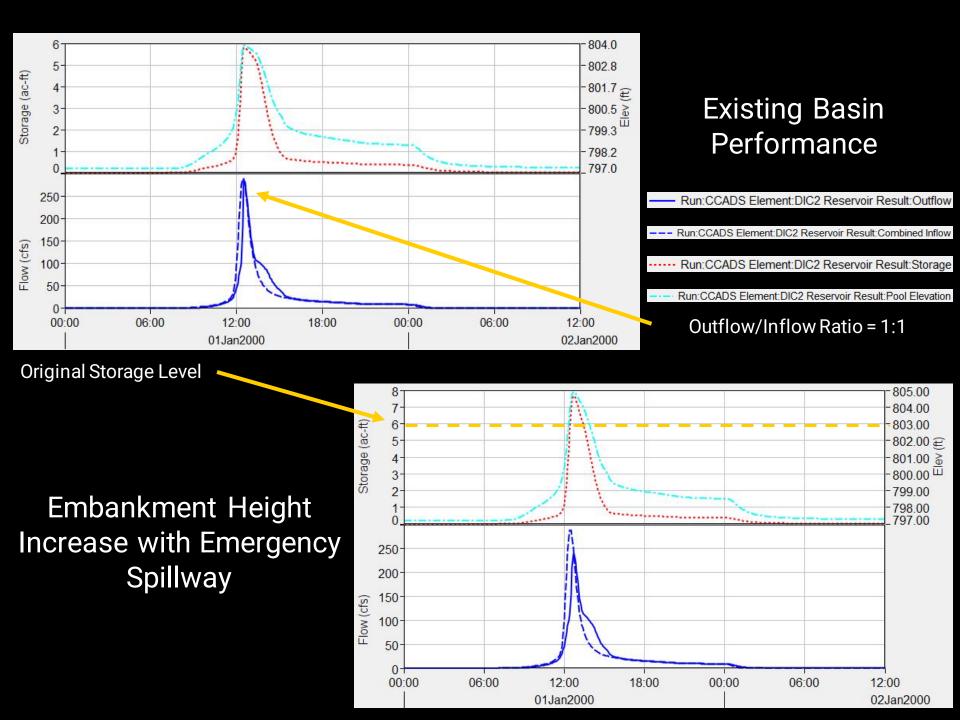
Redesigned Dam Front View



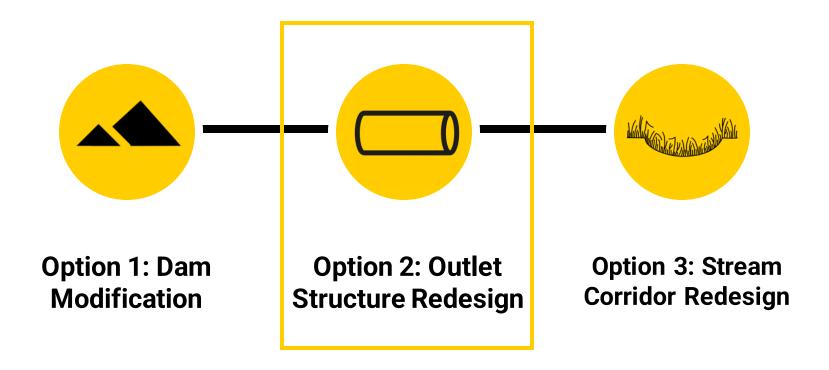
Redesigned Dam Profile





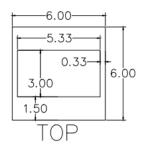


Develop Adaptation Options

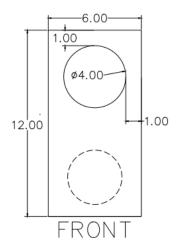


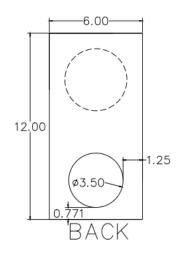


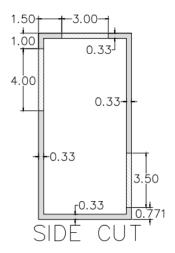
Outlet Structure Drawing

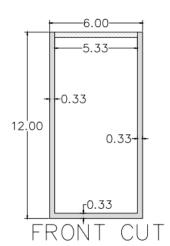




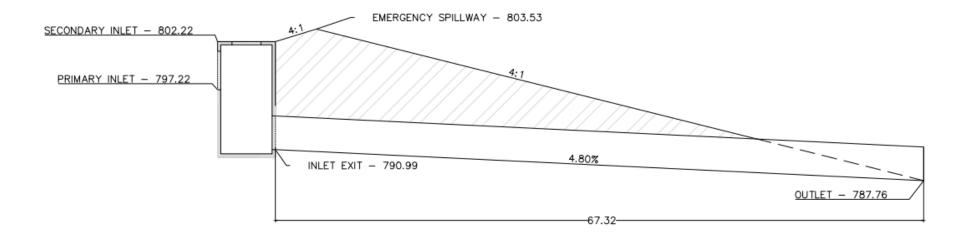








Outlet Structure Profile





Current Outlet Structure



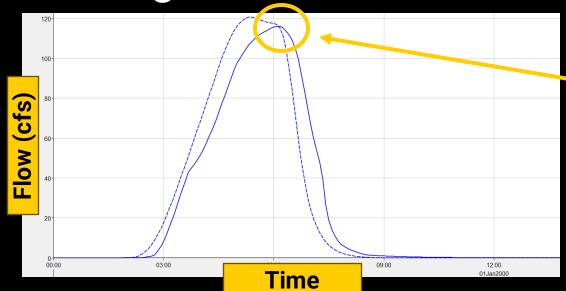


Lower peak discharge, higher peak elevation, emergency spillway activated

Run:CCADS Element:DIC2 Reservoir Result:Outflow

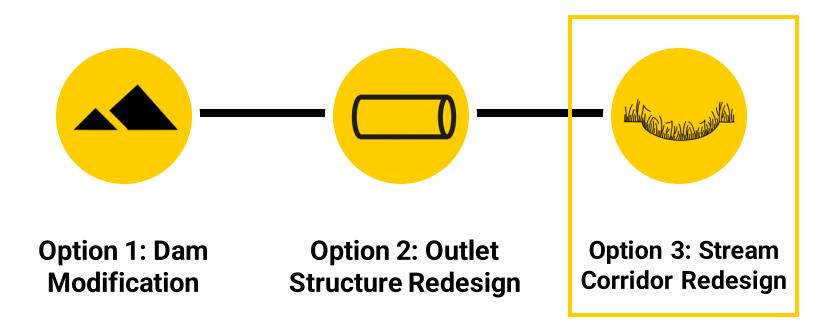
Run:CCADS Element:DIC2 Reservoir Result:Combined Inflow

Redesigned Outlet Structure

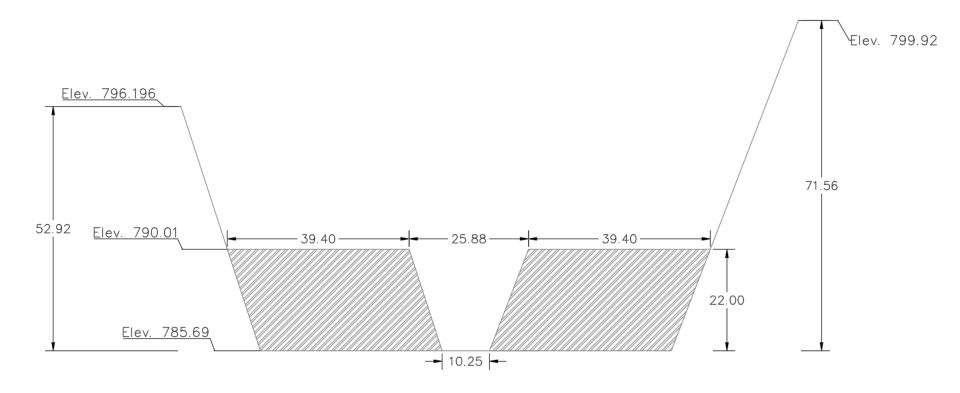


Higher peak discharge, lower peak elevation

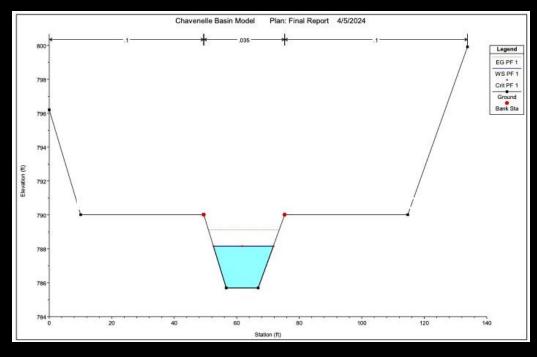
Develop Adaptation Options



Channel Section









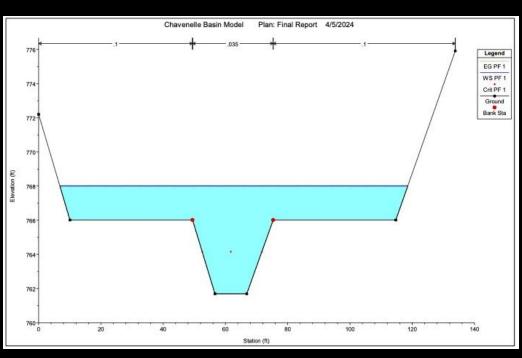
Downstream Reach Near Outfall

Roughness: +5.4%

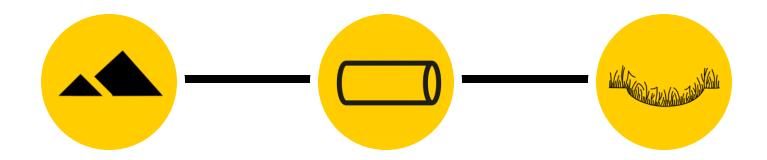
Area: +76.4%

Velocity: -55.1%

Downstream Reach Near Middle Fork Catfish Creek



Develop Adaptation Options



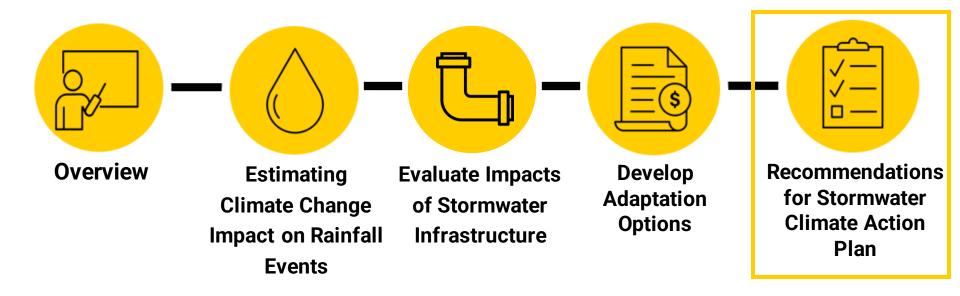
Option 1: Dam Modification \$213,600

Option 2: Outlet Structure Redesign \$181,750

Option 3: Stream Corridor Redesign \$220,750



Agenda





Case Study

Peak Inflow (cfs) **Test Basins** (acre-ft) **Used (%)** (cfs) Drainage lowa Iowa lowa lowa Basin # **CCADS CCADS** Area **CCADS CCADS SUDAS SUDAS SUDAS SUDAS** (acres) 38.0 73.8% 1764.7 1763.1 2656.0 95.2% Basin 1 49.0 2665.3 2653.7 115.2 5.8 111.5% 288.7 120.6 285.7 Basin 2 5.4 103.8% 117.6 358.4 71.1 84.7% 82.3% 806.2 391.8 158.9 Basin 3 69.1 153.5

81.3%

467.1

886.2

54.0%

Available Storage

Peak Discharge

466.7

882.8

Basin 4

864.0

13.4

8.9

Required Storage

Data Extrapolation

Drainage Area

Average Available Storage Used

Average Change in Peak Flows from SUDAS Design Storm to CCADS

Less than 500 acres

Greater than 500 acres

Iowa SUDAS: 98.1%

Climate Change Adjusted Design Storm: 93.1%

Iowa SUDAS: 63.9%

Climate Change Adjusted Design Storm: 88.2% Inflow Change: -54.8%

Outflow Change: -31.1%

Inflow Change: +70.4%

Outflow Change: +69.8%



Action Plan

Action	Description	Frequency
Detention Basin Model	Phase 1: Test all basins with Climate Change Adjusted Design Storm.	Initially
	Phase 2: Monitor design storm prediction.	Significant Change in Climate Predictions
Land Cover Study	Evaluate the land cover changes and calculate new curve numbers within the watershed.	10 years OR Significant Land Development
Inspection: Upstream and Downstream	Integrity inspection of reaches upstream and downstream of the detention basin.	10 years OR Heavy Rainfall Event (>1 in/hr for at least 1 hr)
Inspection: Field	Field inspection of the basin and hydraulic structure.	5 years
Maintenance: Structural	Address erosion and hydraulic structure issues.	Late Summer – Annual
Maintenance: Debris	Seasonal cleanup of debris at the basin.	Early Spring and Late Fall - Semiannual
Amend Design Standards	Amend storm sewer design standards to require an overland route capable of conveying the 500-year event.	Initially



Maintenance – Debris

Early Spring and Late Fall





Maintenance – Debris

Early Spring and Late Fall





Maintenance - Structural

Late Summer





Inspection (Basin) Every 5 years





Inspection - Upstream and Downstream Every 10 years OR Heavy Rainfall Event (1.0 inch/hour for at least one hour)





Land Cover Study

10 years OR Significant Land Development

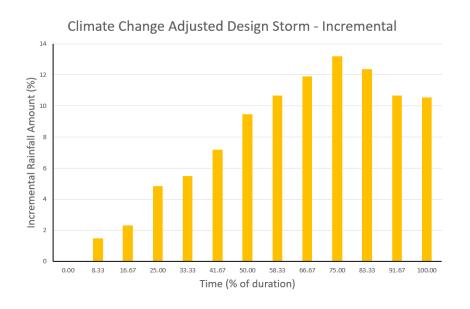






Detention Basin Model

Initially OR Significant Change in Climate Predictions





Phase 1 Phase 2



Dubuque Stormwater Climate Action Plan

Questions?

Team

Tate Houser Anthony Lamoureux Matt Kliegl Maren Williams

The University of Iowa

Civil and Environmental Engineering



Dubuque Stormwater Climate Action Plan

Thank you

T.A.M.M

Tate Houser Anthony Lamoureux Matt Kliegl Maren Williams

The University of Iowa

Civil and Environmental Engineering